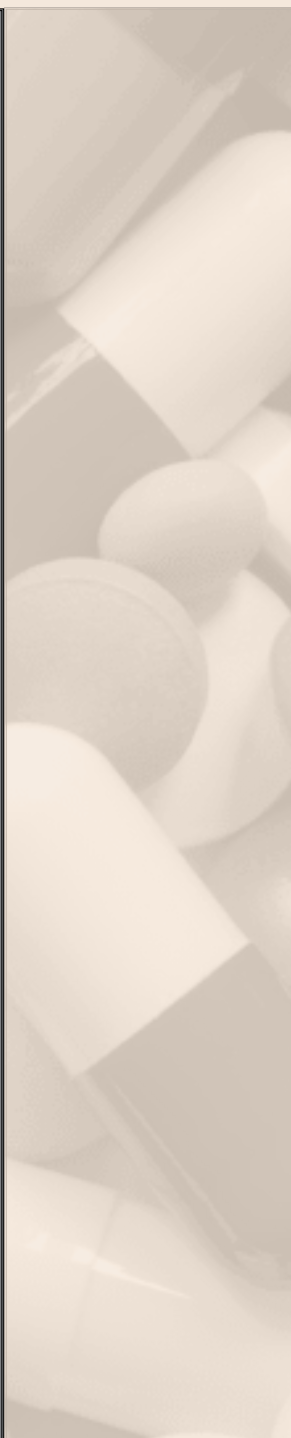
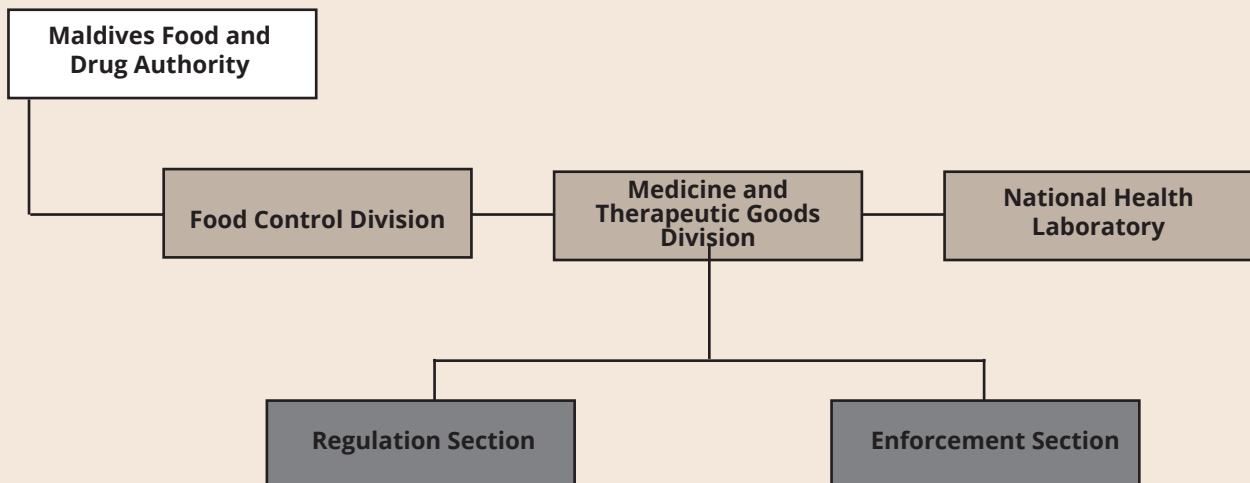


MTG

NEWSLETTER

2021





ABOUT MTG

Medicine and Therapeutic Goods Division (MFDA) is one of the three divisions of Maldives Food and Drug Authority.

The division is further divided into Regulation Section, Enforcement Section and Border Control Section.

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL BOARD

All technical descisions taken by the Medicine and Therapeutic Goods Division are decided upon with the technical advice from National Pharmaceutical Board. This includes :

1. Medicine registration
2. Approving medicines under clinician's request
3. Alternative and Dhivehi Beys registration
4. Medical device registration
5. Pre-authorization for medicines



MESSAGE FROM STATE MINISTER OF HEALTH DR. SHAH ABDULLAH MAHIR

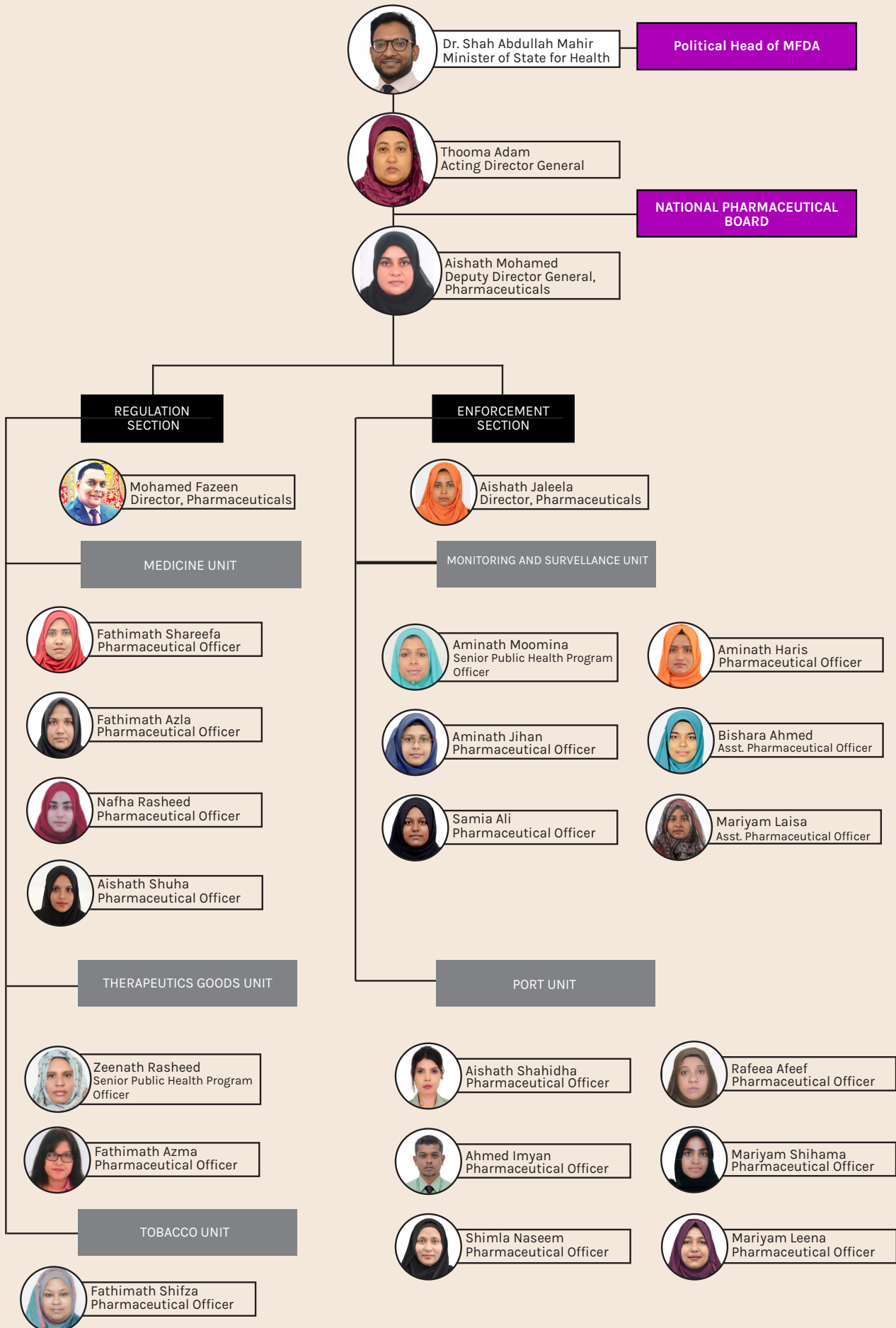


Ever since the establishment of this authority in 2006, the main aim of MTG Division has been to contribute to the prosperity of our country and to building a society that provides quality assured and safe medicines.

Our responsibilities can be divided into two key areas. Firstly, the regulation of all related to the import and distribution of pharmaceutical products. Secondly, the enforcement of these regulations through inspection and surveillance. To add further value to these areas, we strive to provide services that are accessible to all clients at their convenience. The division has made strides towards maintaining these values in 2021 and will continue to do so in the future.

The changing environment resulted in hurdles that could potentially risk the quality of our services. However our employees continue to focus on all of our corporate resources in order to provide professional services that meet customer requirements without any discriminations between clients.

I would like to convey my deepest gratitude for the staff for your dedication. For that, we humbly request for your continued support and patronage to help us fulfill our services.



ALERTS 2021

ALERT NO: 182-REG/23/2021/09 (15TH MARCH 2021) regarding WHO ALERT

Genuine Cytotec (Misoprostol) is used in labour induction among other uses.

Falsified products of Cytotec (Misoprostol) was reported to be wholesaled and used at patient level in multiple African Countries.

These batches were confirmed to be falsified after failing laboratory tests.

ALERT NO: 182-REG/23/2021/19 (01st December 2021)

An unauthorized IV Product (Ringer Lactate) was found to be imported. This product was also identified to have quality issues.

The import and sale of this product is now banned in pharmacies.

PRESS RELEASES 2021

PRESS RELEASE NO: 182-REG/NB/2021/0004 PUBLISHED ON 28TH JANUARY 2021

MFDA approval given for Covishield Vaccine manufactured by Serum Institute of India.

PRESS RELEASE NO: 182-REG/CIR/2021/4 PUBLISHED ON 16TH JUNE 2021

MFDA approval given for Johnson Vaccine manufactured by Johnson & Johnson

PRESS RELEASE NO: 182-REG/CIR/2021/3 PUBLISHED ON 6TH JUNE 2021

MFDA approval given for Moderna Vaccine manufactured by Moderna Biotic Spain.

PRESS RELEASE NO: 2 (PR) 182-REG/182/2021/2 PUBLISHED ON 14TH MARCH 2021

MFDA approval given for Comirnaty Vaccine manufactured by Pfizer Bio and Tech.

PRESS RELEASE NO: 1 (PR) 182-REG/182/2021/1 PUBLISHED ON 14TH MARCH 2021

MFDA approval given for Sinopharm Vaccine manufactured by Beijing Institute for Biologic Products Company Ltd.

PRESS RELEASE NO: 5 (PR) 182-REG/182/2021/5 PUBLISHED ON 12TH MAY 2021

MFDA approval given for Sputnik Vaccine manufactured by Gamaleya National Center of Epidemiology and Microbiology.

EFFECT OF FOOD ON MEDICATION

Food intake in relation to medicine intake is vital for medicine to work effectively. The body's response depends on the; timing, size, type and even the drink taken alongside the food.

Food intake prompts multiple physiological mechanisms in the stomach. The resulting environment can affect the amount of medicine that is absorbed into the bloodstream through the stomach.



Food can create a physical barrier between the gut wall and prevent medicine from effectively absorbing into the bloodstream

Certain antibiotics, such as phenoxymethylpenicillin (also known as penicillin V), are best taken on an empty stomach as they can be less effective after prolonged exposure to acidic conditions.

Food components may bind themselves to certain medications which may lead to ineffectiveness

osteoporosis medicines risedronate and alendronate must be taken on an empty stomach with water only.

Mixing of certain medications with food can help reduce risk of side effects

Diabetes medicines such as gliclazide or glimepiride (belonging to the group of medicines known as sulfonylureas), for example, should be taken with food to reduce the risk of low blood sugar.

Food intake before certain medication can help reduce nausea and stomach upset

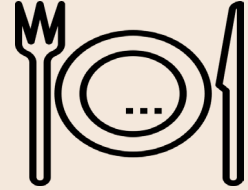
Diabetes medicines such as gliclazide or glimepiride (belonging to the group of medicines known as sulfonylureas), for example, should be taken with food to reduce the risk of low blood sugar.

HOW TO TAKE MEDICINES EFFECTIVELY?

MEDICATION TIMINGS

LIQUID MEDICINES

FOOD AND WATER INTAKE



once a day: same time, once every 24 hrs, night or day as directed

Easier to use for children and adults

Unless advised otherwise, tablets or capsules should be taken with water

Twice a day: once every 12 hrs, eg: at 8am and at 8pm

Before use medicine should be shaken well to mix any medicine settled at the bottom

“Take with food” means medicine should be taken during the meal

Thrice a day: Once every 8 hrs, eg: at 6am, at 2pm and at 10pm

For accurate measurement of dosage, use a medicine cup, dropper or a syringe (as appropriate)

“After food” means medicine should be taken within half an hour of eating

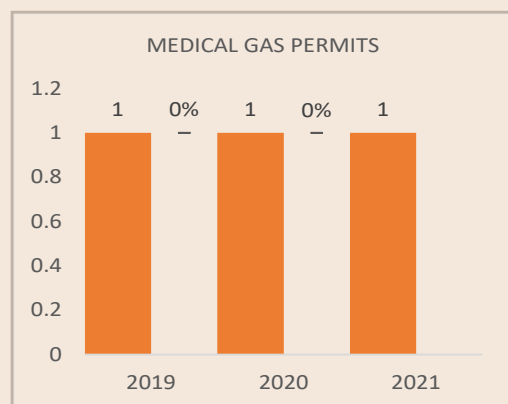
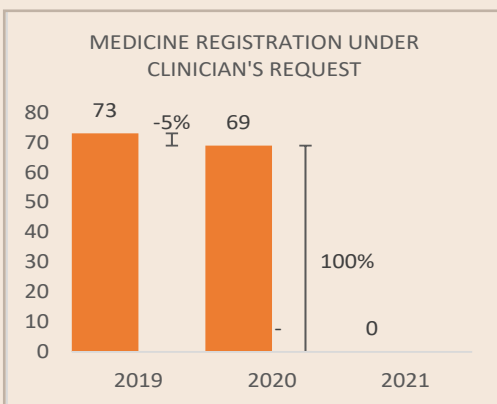
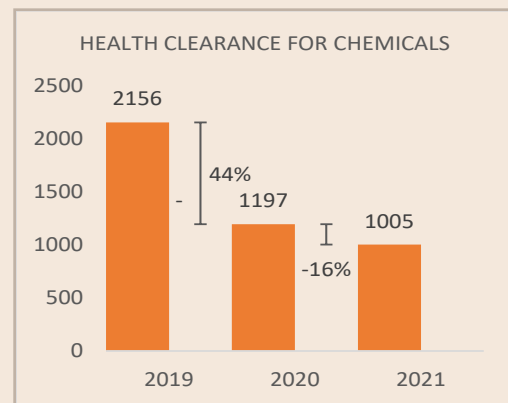
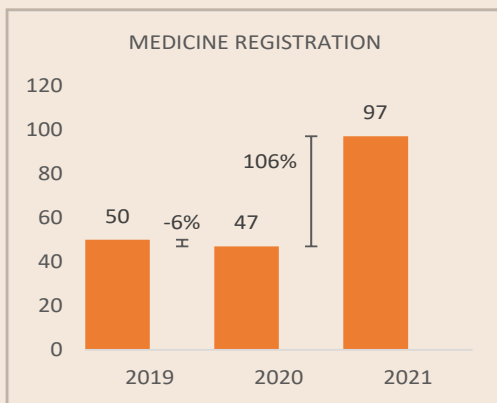
four times a day: Once every 6 hrs, eg: at 6am, at 12pm, at 6pm and at 12am

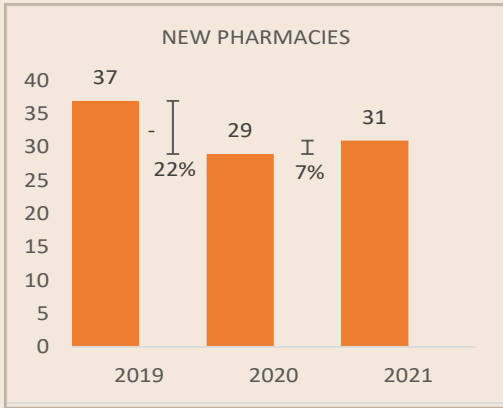
“On an empty stomach” means no food has been taken in past two hrs and food should be taken at least half an hour after medication

STATISTICS FOR MTG SERVICES

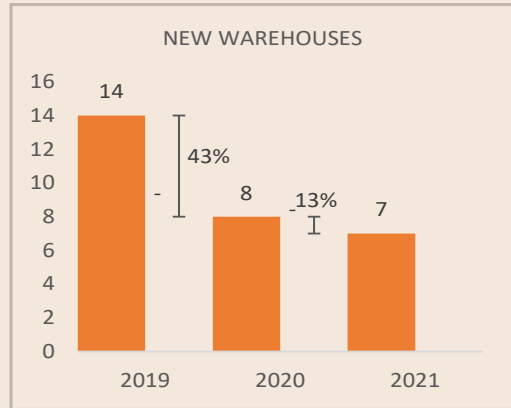
Regulation Section aims to ensure the safety, quality and efficacy of all medicines. In order to achieve its objectives, the section authorizes import of medicines, alternative medicines and traditional medicines (Dhivehi beys), medicine samples, medical devices and medical gases. It also monitors the dispense and trade of medicine by ensuring that medicine are dispensed by authorized personnel and from licensed pharmacies.

All services provided through this section conforms to the rules and regulations stated in Medicine Regulation (2014/R46), Medicine Regulation (2016/R49) and Health Services Act (2015/29).

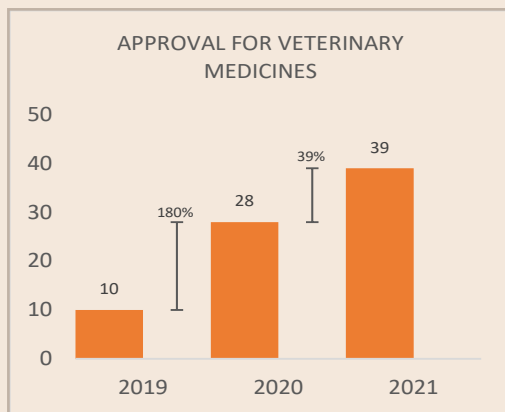
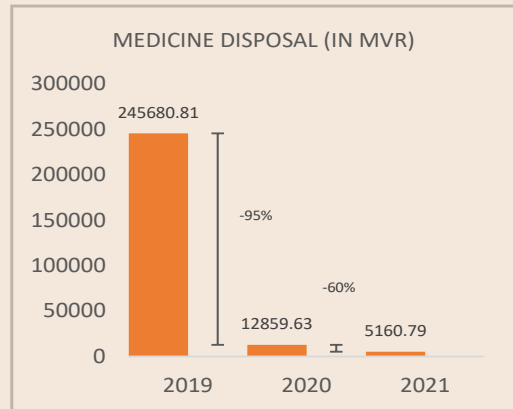
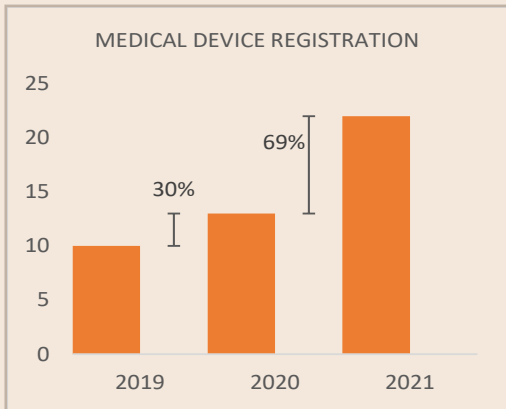




Total pharmacies as of 2021 are 424

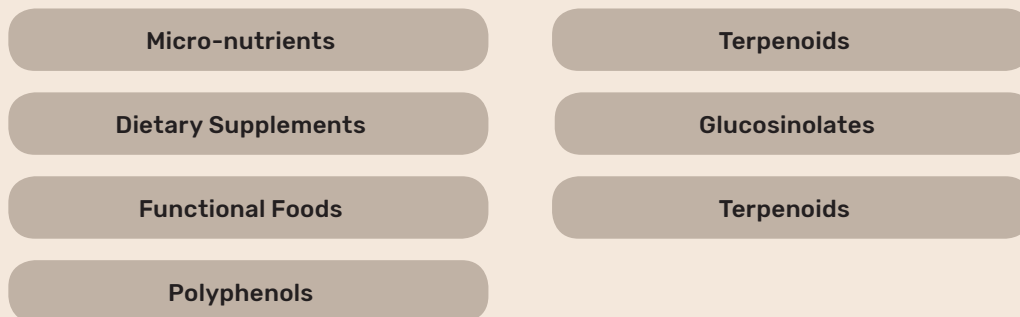


Total warehouses as of 2021 are 60



REGULATION OF NUTRACEUTICALS

Nutraceuticals can be defined as naturally occurring products that are said to provide medical or health benefits .



Nutraceuticals are not included under Medicine Regulation. However, as of 1st March 2022 Nutraceuticals which include vitamins and minerals (natural or synthetic) or any product that claims to enhance a specific bodily function is to be regulated under MFDA.

WHAT IS THE IMPORTANCE OF REGULATING NUTRACEUTICALS?

Nutraceuticals has a growing market among all ages groups of the population. Even though these products are extensively used, there is a lack of clear information on the effectiveness of the products, and the safety in using them.

Although these products may be perceived as safe for use, it may not be suitable for all individuals. Susceptible individuals may face adverse effects. Nutraceuticals can be made up of active ingredients which can lead to elevated blood pressure, racing or

irregular heartbeat, headache, dizziness or digestive problems.

Hence, our regulatory authority aims to work towards ensuring the safety and efficacy of these products. As of 1st March 2022, "Guideline on Registration of Nutraceuticals" has been published and as per the guideline the following types of products will be regulated under MFDA.

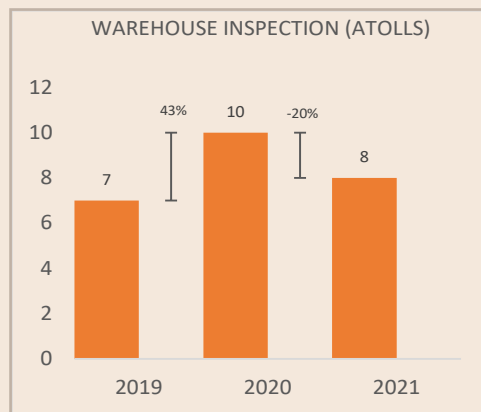
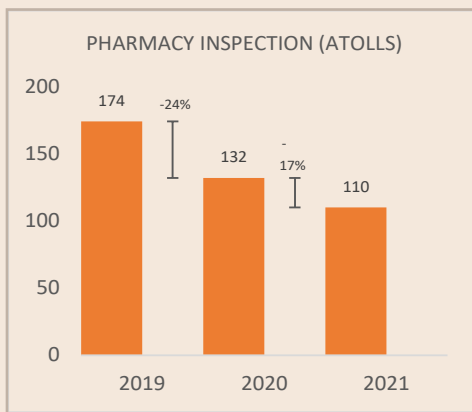
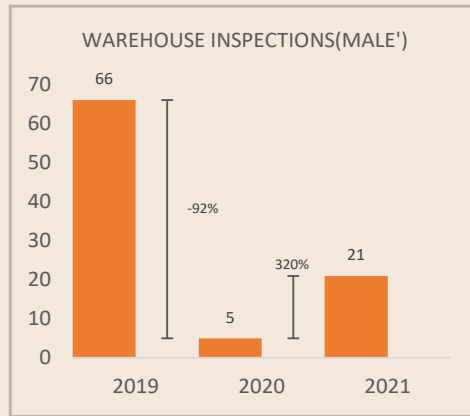
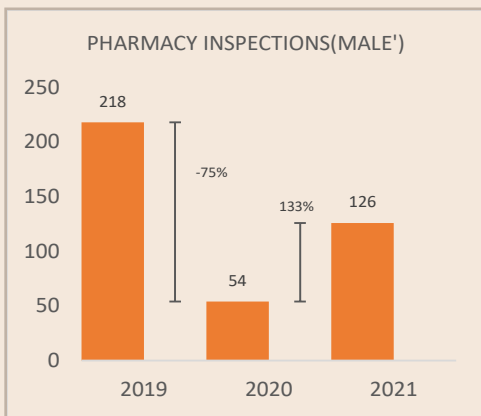
"Products containing vitamins, and minerals (natural & synthetic) with physiological process or specific claims to maintain or enhance a specific body function or structure."

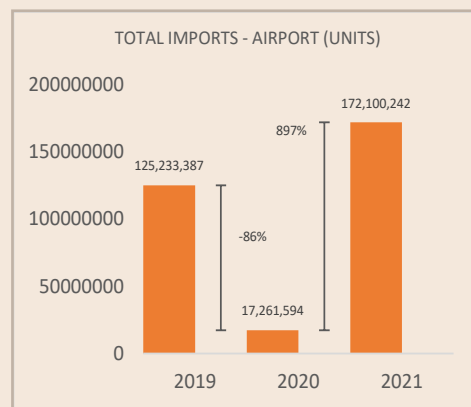
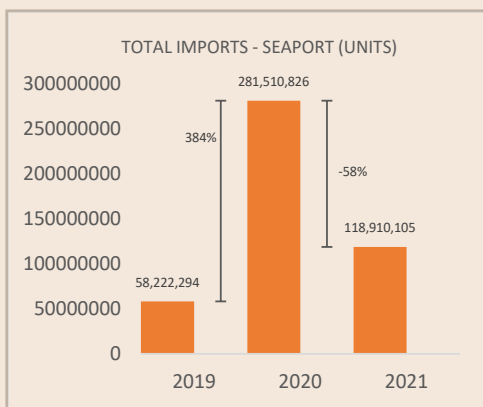
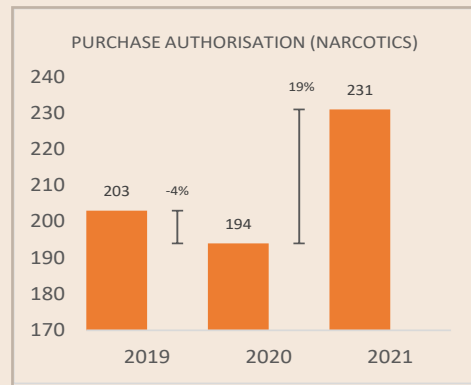
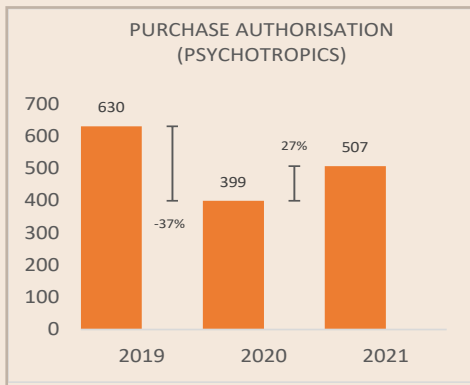
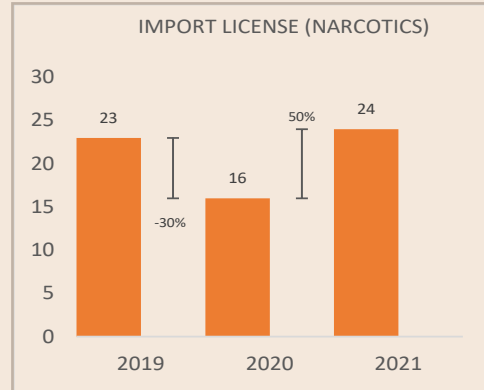
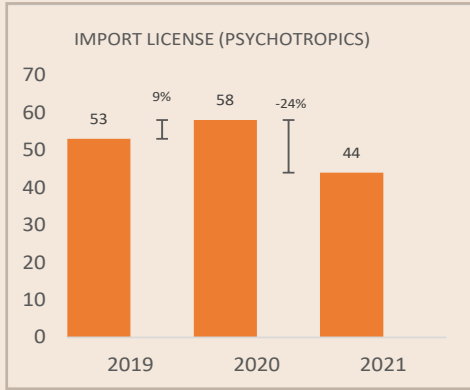


Enforcement Section is responsible for ensuring the safety, quality and efficacy of medicinal products after it is in the market for consumption. It ensures public safety by monitoring products defects and adverse drug reactions, inspection of facilities and conducting public awareness programs.

Enforcement Section monitors regulatory compliance and compliance to the standards (both national and international adopted standards).

Inspectors empowered by the Health Services Act (2015/29) medicine regulation (2014/R-46) and medicine Regulation (2016/R-49) inspects premises where any medicinal products are being manufactured, dispensed, distributed, stocked or offered for sale.





THE IMPORTANCE OF PHARMACOVIGILANCE

Pharmacovigilance (PV) relates to the activities of detecting, assessing, understanding and preventing adverse effects or any medicine related problems. Pharmaceutical products can include:

- Vaccines
- Medical Devices
- Biologics
- Blood Products
- Herbal Medicines
- Complementary Medicines
- Traditional Medicines

HOW TO REPORT?

As per as the "Guideline for Pharmacovigilance and ADR reporting", ADR's and ADE's can be reported through the "ADR Reporting Form".

WHAT CAN BE REPORTED?

1. ADRs (severe and non-severe)
2. Product quality
3. Medication errors
4. Therapeutic ineffectiveness
5. Abuse
- 6.

ADVERSE DRUG EVENTS

Adverse Drug Events (ADE) is any unexpected medical occurrences when treating a patient with a pharmaceutical product.

ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS

Adverse Drug Reactions (ADR) any unintended or harmful reactions that occur at the use of a medicine at normal dosage used in treatment.

Through collected ADE and ADR reports and analysing them, pharmacovigilance aims to:

- monitor and detect medicine safety, effectiveness and quality problems through passive and active surveillance of adverse events.
- assessing the safety, quality, effectiveness and risk/benefit of pharmaceutical products

WHO CAN REPORT?

1. Doctors
2. Nurses
3. Pharmacists
4. Community Health Workers
5. Patients
6. General consumers



TOP 21 MEDICINE IMPORTS FOR 2021

| # | Product Name | Dosage Form | Strength | Quantity (Units) |
|----|-----------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | WYSOLONE | Disperible Tablet | 10 mg | 21,767,195 |
| 2 | LIMCEE | Tablet | 500 mg | 10,021,400 |
| 3 | PANADOL | Tablet | 500 mg | 8,951,486 |
| 4 | ATORIN-10 | Tablet | 10 mg | 5,478,630 |
| 5 | ECOSPRIN 75 | Extended Release Tablet | 75 mg | 5,059,104 |
| 6 | DOPAN OD | Tablet | 40 mg | 4,345,900 |
| 7 | MELMET 500 | Tablet | 500 mg | 4,338,260 |
| 8 | NEUROBION FORTE | Tablet | 10 mg + 10 mg + 3 mg + 15 mcg + 45 mg + 50 mg | 3,899,850 |
| 9 | PANTAZ | Tablet | 40 mg | 3,600,975 |
| 10 | TELMED 40 | Tablet | 40 mg IP | 3,298,380 |
| 11 | GALVUS MET | Tablet (Film Coated) | 50 mg + 1000 mg | 3,256,500 |
| 12 | MILICAL | Tablet | 1000 mg(USP) + 200 IU(USP) | 2,765,380 |
| 13 | MEFNAC DS | Tablet | 500 mg | 2,609,820 |
| 14 | R.B TONE | Capsules | 200 mg (BP) + 38 mg(BP)+ 12 4 mcg(BP)+ 3 mg(BP)+2.5 mg (BP) +1 mg(BP)+ 2.5 mg(BP) + 23 mg(BP) + 150 mg(BP) | 2,484,872 |
| 15 | BECOSULES | Capsules | 50MG+25 MG + 10 MG +15 MCG +100 MG +25 MG +1 MG +150 MG + 5 MG | 2,483,313 |
| 16 | ZYLORIC | Tablet | 100 mg | 2,394,040 |
| 17 | ALLERCET | Tablet | 10 mg BP | 2,379,400 |
| 18 | AMODEP | Tablet | 5mg | 2,177,094 |
| 19 | CRESTAT | Tablet | 10 mg | 2,096,825 |
| 20 | NEUROBION FORTE | Tablet | 10mg + 3mg + 15mcg + 100mg + 50mg | 1,963,530 |
| 21 | VAZORTAN 50 | Tablet | 50 mg USP | 1,957,140 |

Disclaimer: The data and information in the data set provided here are intended to show the quantity of medicines imported within the year 2021 only. The information is not appropriate for application in creating medicine consumption patterns.

JOIN THE FIGHT AGAINST ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE!

What are Antimicrobials?

Antimicrobials include antibiotics, antivirals, antifungals and antiparasitics, which are vital for the prevention and treatment of infections in humans, animals and plants.

Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)

Resistance to these medicines stems from the misuse and overuse of antimicrobials.

Antimicrobials become ineffective in treating infections and this increases the risk of disease spread, severe illnesses and even death.

Hence, Antimicrobial Resistance is identified as one of the top 10 global public health threats facing humanity by WHO.

WAYS TO REDUCE ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE

Only use Antimicrobials when prescribed by a doctor

Never share prescribed Antimicrobials

Complete the prescribed quantity of antibiotics

Help spread the message on risks of AMR

World Antimicrobial Awareness Week (WAAW)

To participate in WHO's "Go Blue" Campaign, Roashanee Building was lit up in blue lights and government employees in Male' wore blue on the first day of the week.

An awareness session was held for media channels on Antimicrobial Resistance.

An information session regarding AMR stewardship program was held on 18th November 2021 with 56 health care workers in attendance. This included doctors, nurses and employees in hospital quality management.

AMR awareness session was held for pharmacists working in Male'. A total of 96 pharmacies were inspected.

On 27th October 2021, spot inspections were conducted in Greater Male' Region.

To celebrate the week "AMR Virtual Run" was held throughout the week. A total of 500 people participated in this event including doctors, nurses and workers in related fields along with the general public.

On 27th October 2021, spot inspections were conducted in Greater Male' Region.

1. Noncompliances identified and actions taken during the spot inspections:
2. 15 pharmacies issues antibiotics without prescription
3. Pharmacists selling antibiotics against regulations were fined

Awareness session for the following parties were conducted in HDh.Vaikaradhoo"

1. Grade 10 students and teachers.
2. Employees in island's government offices
3. Farmers and general public

An orientation program for AMR stewardship program was held in L.Gan

1. Under this program an inspection was conducted on the chemicals used by farmers
2. AMR awareness session for farmers and general public.
3. Infection Prevention and Control Training Session for L.Gan Regional Hospital nurses



MALDIVES FOOD AND DRUG AUTHORITY
MEDICINE AND THERAPEUTIC GOODS DIVISION

CONTACT US

MTG Hotline : 7200321

Pharmacy Registration : 3314308

Pharmaceutical Product Registration : 3014322

Chemical Health Clearance : 3014322, Ext 246

Medical Device Registration : 3014322, Ext 246

Medical Oxygen : 3014322, Ext 246

Alternative/Herbal Medicine : 3014322, Ext 246

Controlled Drugs : 3014322, Ext 263

Pharmacy Inspection : 3014322, Ext 264

E-Mail : mtg@Health.gov.mv

Complaints : aicommfda@health.gov.mv

Website : www.mfda.gov.mv